MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1775.

LONDON, *May* 5.

ON Wednesday evening, between eight and nine o'clock, Gen. George Boscawen was seized at his house in York-street, St. James's square, with a fit of coughing, which broke one of his blood vessels, and in about half an hour after he expired in great agonies.

The same day general Lockhart took leave of his Majesty, and to-morrow is to set out for America.

Two cutters are detained at Portsmouth, to carry the last instructions to the men of war and transports which lately sailed for Cork, as well as such stores which in their hurry may have been forgot and left behind.

May 6. Yesterday a messenger arrived at Lord Dartmouth's office from America, with an express from General Gage, which was laid before his Majesty at St. James's.

Yesterday arrived a mail from New-York, brought over by the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Capt. Marsham. She sailed from New-York the 6th of April, and arrived at Falmouth the 3rd inst.

By letters from Cadiz by the last packet we are informed, that 200 transports were fitting out there, manning with soldiers to join the rest of the fleet from Carthagena.

It is certain that the Spaniards are aiming for war.

And it is as certain that our want of sailors is such, that even our guard-ships are 50 men deficient in their complement.

We are assured that the first act of hostility in America will be begun by government, as there are particular orders to secure the delegates

A report was current last night, that advice was yesterday received, that an armed vessel having been appointed to cruise off Cadiz, the Spanish commander at that port sent out a man of war, which took the English vessel, and carried her into the bay.

Cork, April 10. This morning two troops of light dragoons (Preston's) went from hence to passage, in order to embark for Boston, and to-morrow and Wednesday they will be followed by the other four troops, destined for the same place.

CAMBRIDGE, (*New-England*) *June* 8.

Tuesday last being the day agreed on for the exchange of prisoners, between 12 and 1 o'clock, Dr. Warren and brigadier general Putnam, in a phæton, together with major Dunbar, and lieutenant Hamilton of the 64th on horse back; lieut. Potter of the marines, in a chaise; John Hilton of the 47th, Alexander Campbell of the 4th; John Tyne, Samuel Marcy, Thomas Parry, and Thomas Sharp, of the marines, wounded men, in two carts; the whole escorted by the Weathersfield company, under the command of capt. Chester, entered the town of Charles-town, and marching slowly through it, halted at the ferry, where, upon a signal being given, major Moncrief landed from the Lively, in order to receive the prisoners, and see his old friend general Putnam:—their meeting was truly cordial and affectionate. The wounded privates were soon sent on board the Lively; but major Moncrief and the other officers, returned with general Putnam and Dr. Warren, to the house of Dr. Foster, where an entertainment was provided for them. About 1 o'clock a signal was made by the Lively, that they were ready to deliver up our prisoners; upon which general Putnam and major Moncrief went to the ferry, where they received messrs. John Peck, James Hews, James Brewer, and Daniel Preston, of Boston; Messrs. Samuel Frost, and Seth Russel of Cambridge; Mr. Joseph Bell, of Danvers, Mr. Elijah Leaven, of Roxbury, and Cæsar Augustus, a negro servant to Mr. Tileston, of Dorchester, who were conducted to the house of capt. Foster, and there refreshed; after which the general and major returned to their company, and spent an hour or two in a very agreeable manner. Between 5 and 6 o'clock major Moncrief, with the officers that had been delivered to him, were conducted to the ferry, where the Lively's barge received them; after which general Putnam, with the prisoners that had been delivered to him, &c. returned to Cambridge, escorted in the same manner as before. The whole was conducted with the utmost decency and good humour, and the Weathersfield company did honour to themselves, their officers and their country. The regular officers expressed themselves as highly pleased; those who had been prisoners acknowledged the genteel, kind treatment they had received from their captors; the privates, who were all wounded men, expressed in the strongest terms, their grateful sense of the tenderness which had been shewn them in their miserable situation; some of them could do it only by their tears. It would have been to the honour of the British arms, if the prisoners taken from us could with justice have made the same acknowledgment. It cannot be supposed that any officers of rank, or common humanity, were knowing to the repeated cruel insults that were offered to them; but it may not be amiss to hint to the upstarts concerned, two truths, of which they seem to be totally ignorant, viz. that compassion is as essential a part of the character of a truly brave man as daring; and that insult offered to a person entirely in the power of the insulter, smels as strong of cowardice as it does of cruelty.

By his Excellency the hon. Tho. Gage, governor and commander in chief, in and over his Majesty's province of Massachusett's Bay, and vice-admiral of the same.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the infatuated multitudes, who have long suffered themselves to be conducted by certain well-known incendiaries and traitors, in a fatal progression of crimes, against the constitutional authority of the state, have at length proceeded to avowed rebellion; and the good effects which were expected to arise from the patience and lenity of the king's government, have been often frustrated, and are now rendered hopeless by the influence of the same evil counsels; it only remains for those who are entrusted with supreme rule, as well for the punishment of the guilty, as the protection of the well affected, to prove they do not bear the sword in vain.

The infringements which have been committed upon the most sacred rights of the crown and people of Great Britain, are too many to enumerate on one side, and are all too atrocious to be palliated on the other. All unprejudiced people who have been witnesses of the late transactions, in this and the neighbouring provinces, will find upon a transient review marks of premeditation and conspiracy that would justify the fulness of chastisement: and even those who are least acquainted with facts cannot fail to receive a just impression of their enormity, in proportion as they discover the arts and assiduity by which they have been falsified or concealed. The authors of the present unnatural revolt, never daring to trust their cause or their actions to the judgment of an impartial public, or even to the dispassionate reflection of their followers, have uniformly placed their chief confidence in the suppression of truth; and while indefatigable and shameless pains have been taken to obstruct every appeal to the real interest of the people of America; the grossest forgeries, calumnies, and absurdities that ever insulted human understanding, have been imposed upon their credulity. The press, that distinguished appendage of public liberty, and when fairly and impartially employed its best support, has been invariably prostituted to the most contrary purposes; the animated language of ancient and virtuous times, calculated to vindicate and promote the just rights, and interest of mankind, have been applied to countenance the most abandoned violation of those sacred blessings; and not only from the flagitious prints, but from the popular harrangues of the times, men have been taught to depend upon activity in treason, for the security of their persons and properties; till to compleat the horrid profanation of terms, and of ideas, the name of God has been introduced in the pulpits to excite and justify devastation and massacre.

The minds of men having been thus gradually prepared for the worst extremities a number of armed persons to the amount of many thousands, assembled on the 19th of April last, and from behind walls and lurking holes, attacked a detachment of the king's troops, who not expecting so consummate an act of phrenzy, unprepared for vengeance, and willing to decline it, made use of their arms only in their own defence. Since that period the rebels, deriving confidence from impunity, have added insult to outrage; have repeatedly fired upon the king's ships and subjects, with cannon and small arms, have possessed the roads and other communications by which the town of Boston was supplied with provisions; and with a preposterous parade of military arrangements, they affected to hold the army besieged; while part of their body make daily and indiscriminate invasions upon private property, and with a wantonness of cruelty ever incident to lawless tumult, carry depredation and distress wherever they turn their steps. The actions of the 19th of April are of such notoriety, as must baffle all attempts to contradict them, and the flames of buildings and other property from the islands, and adjacent country, for some weeks past, spread melancholy confirmation of the subsequent assertions.

In this exigency of complicated calamities, I avail myself of the last effort within the bounds of my duty, to spare the effusion of blood; to offer, and I do hereby, in his Majesty's name, offer and promise his most gracious pardon to all persons who shall forthwith lay down their arms, and return to the duties of peaceable subjects, excepting only from the benefit of such pardon, Samuel Adams and John Hancock, whose offences are of too flagitious a nature to admit of any other consideration than that of condign punishment.

And to the end that no person within the limits of this proffered mercy, may plead ignorance of the consequences of refusing it, I, by these presents, proclaim not only the persons above named and excepted, but also all their adherents, associates and abettors, meaning to comprehend in those terms, all and every person, and persons, of what class, denomination or description soever, who have appeared in arms against the king's government, and shall not lay down the same as aforementioned; and likewise all such as shall so take arms after the date hereof, or who shall in any wise protect or conceal such offenders, or assist them with money, provision, cattle, arms, ammunition, carriages, or any other necessaries for subsistence or offence; or shall hold secret correspondence with them by letter, message, signal, or otherwise, to be rebels and traitors, and as such to be treated.

And whereas, during the continuance of the present unnatural rebellion, justice cannot be administered by the common law of the land, the course whereof has, for a long time past, been violently impeded, and wholly interrupted; from whence results a necessity for using and exercising the law martial; I have therefore thought fit, by the authority vested in me, by the royal charter to this province, to publish and I do hereby publish, proclaim and order, the use and exercise of the law martial within and throughout this province, for so long time as the present unhappy occasion shall necessarily require; whereof all persons are hereby required to take notice, and govern themselves, as well to maintain order and regularity among the peaceable inhabitants of the province, as to resist, or encounter and subdue, the rebels and traitors above described, by such as shall be called upon for those purposes.

To these inevitable, but I trust salutary measures, it is a far more pleasing part of duty, to add the assurances of protection and support to all who, in so trying a crisis, shall manifest their allegiance to the king, and affection to the parent state. So that such persons as may have been intimidated to quit their habitations in the course of this alarm, may return to their respective callings and professions; and stand distinct and separate from the parricides of the constitution, till God in his mercy shall restore to his creatures, in this distracted land, that system of happiness from which they have been seduced, the religion of peace, and liberty founded upon law.

Given at Boston, this twelfth day of June, in the fifteenth year of the reign of his majesty George the Third, by the grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, &c. annoque domini, 1775.

THOMAS GAGE.

By his excellency's command,
THO. FLUCKER, sec'ry.

GOD save the KING.

NEW-YORK, *June* 22,

Tuesday night a vessel arrived in a short passage from New-London; we have the following important intelligence, in a letter from a gentleman at Norwich, to his friend in New-York.

SIR, Norwich, 19th June, 1775.

I UNDERSTAND by Mr. David Trumbull, that by an express from Cambridge, his honour our governor, has advice, that our people attempting to take possession of Bunker's hill, and Dorchester point, they were attacked by the regulars, shipping &c. five men of war hauled up at Charlestown, covered the landing of a body of men who drove our people from Bunker's hill: that three colonels in our service were wounded, col. Gardener mortally; how many are slain on either side, is uncertain.

This happened on Saturday about noon: at Charlestown, when the post came away, our people kept their ground and made a stand, how they have fared at Dorchester, we do not hear; general Putnam was safe when the express came off; preparations were making for a general attack. Colonel Tyler must be on the march as as soon as possible, without confusion; I shall procure teams as fast as I can, and have them to take in his baggage. Col. Jabez Huntington desires I would dispatch an express immediately, to have the troops forwarded; he sent orders in writing yesterday.

Friday last the Mercury frigate, capt. M'Carthy, arrived at Sandy-Hook, in 14 days from Boston: he was dispatched from thence by general Gage to order whatever troops might arrive here from England or Ireland, for Boston; and last Wednesday he luckily fell in with a transport from Cork with part of the 44th regiment bound into this place; she is sailed again for Boston.

Saturday last an express arrived at Water-town, passed through this city, in his way to the continental congress: he left the camp last Monday, and said some of the transports were arrived at Boston, from Cork; and that the grenadiers and light infantry of general Gage's army appeared to be in motion.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 22.

On Tuesday last the three battallions of this city and liberties, together with the artillery company, a troop of light horse, several companies of light infantry, rangers, and rifle-men, in the whole about 2000, marched out to the commons, and having joined in brigade, were reviewed by general Washington, who is appointed commander in chief of all the North-American forces by the honourable continental congress, when they went through the manuel exercise, firings, and manœuvres, with great dexterity and exactness.

Yesterday morning general Washington and general Lee set off from this city to take the command of the American army at Massachusett's bay. They were accompanied a few miles from town by the troop of light-horse, and by all the officers of the city militia on horse-back. They parted with our celebrated commanders, expressing the most ardent wishes for their success over the enemies of our liberty and country.

Major Thomas Mifflin is appointed aid-de-camp to general Washington, and accompanies the general to the camp near Boston. The active and successful part, which this gentleman has taken in the civil and military affairs of the province of Pennsylvania, had endeared him so much to his fellow citizens that few men have ever left us more universally beloved or regretted.

By a letter from Germany we are informed, that prayers are constantly offered up in all the Protestant churches in that country, for the success of the Americans, in their present righteous struggle with the ministry of Great-Britain.

By a vessel from George-town, South-Carolina, we learn, that lord Wm. Campbell, governor of South-Carolina, had arrived with 300 troops off Charlestown bar, but being informed by the inhabitants of Charlestown he must not expect to land there with his troops, he had gone for Georgia.

The following is a list of the field officers, appointed for the three battallions of the Philadelphia militia.

First battallion. John Dickenson, Esq; colonel. John Chevalier, lieut. colonel. Jacob Morgan, and William Coats, majors.

Second battallion Daniel Roberdeau, Esq; colonel. Joseph Reed, Esq; lieut. colonel. Dr. John Cox, and John Bayard, majors.

Third battallion. John Cadwallader, Esq; colonel. John Nixon, lieut. colonel. Thomas Mifflin, and Samuel Meredith, Esqrs. majors.

In CONGRESS, *June* 5, 1775.

To the oppreſſed inhabitants of CANADA.

Friends and Countrymen,

ALARMED by the deſigns of an arbitrary miniſtry to extirpate the rights and liberties of all America, a ſenſe of common danger conſpired with the dictates of humanity in urging us to call your attention, by our late addreſs, to this very important object.

Since the concluſion of the late war, we have been happy in conſidering you as fellow-ſufferers with us. As we were both entitled by the bounty of an indulgent creator to freedom, and being both devoted by the cruel edicts of a deſpotic adminiſtration to common ruin, we perceived the fate of the proteſtant and catholic colonies to be ſtrongly linked together and therefore invited you to join with us in reſolving to be free, in rejecting with diſdain the fetters of ſlavery, however artfully poliſhed.

We moſt ſincerely condole with you on the arrival of that day, in the courſe of which the ſun could not ſhine on a ſingle freeman in all your extenſive dominion. Be aſſured that your unmerited degradation has engaged the moſt unfeigned pity of your ſiſter colonies; and we flatter ourſelves you will not, by tamely bearing the yoke, ſuffer that pity to be ſupplanted by contempt.

When hard attempts are made to deprive men of rights beſtowed by the Almighty,---When avenues are cut through the moſt ſolemn compacts for the admiſſion of deſpotiſm,---when the plighted faith of government ceaſes to give ſecurity to loyal and dutiful ſubjects,---and when the inſidious ſtratagems and manœuvres of peace become more terrible than the moſt ſanguine operations of war,---it is high time for them to aſſert thoſe rights, and with honeſt indignation oppoſe the torrent of oppreſſion ruſhing in upon them.

By the introduction of your preſent form of government, or rather form of tyranny, you and your wives and your children are made ſlaves. You have nothing that you can call your own, and all the fruits of your labour and induſtry may be taken from you, whenever an avaricious governor and a rapacious council may incline to demand them. You are liable, by their edicts, to be tranſported into foreign countries to fight battles in which you have no intereſt, and to ſpill your blood in conflicts, from which neither honour or emolument can be derived; nay, the enjoyment of your very religion, on the preſent ſyſtem, depends on a legiſlature, in which you have no ſhare, and over which we have no controul, and your prieſts are expoſed to expulſion, baniſhment, and ruin whenever their wealth and poſſeſſions furniſh ſufficient temptation. They cannot be ſure that a virtuous prince will always fill the throne; and ſhould a wicked or a careleſs king concur with a wicked miniſtry in extracting the treaſure and ſtrength of your country, it is impoſſible to conceive to what variety and to what extremes of wretchedneſs you may, under the preſent eſtabliſhment, be reduced.

We are informed you have already been called upon to waſte your lives in a conteſt with us; ſhould you, by a compliance in this inſtance, aſſent to your new eſtabliſhment, and a war break out with France, your wealth and your ſons may be ſent to periſh in expeditions againſt their iſlands in the Weſt Indies.

It cannot be preſumed that theſe conſiderations will have no weight with you, or that you are ſo loſt to all ſenſe of honour. We can never believe that the preſent race of Canadians are ſo degenerated as to poſſeſs neither the ſpirit, the gallantry or the courage of their anceſtors. You certainly will not permit the infamy and diſgrace of ſuch puſillanimity to reſt on your own heads, and the conſequences of it on your children for ever.

We for our parts are determined to live free, or not at all, and are reſolved that poſterity ſhall never approach us with having brought ſlaves into the world.

Permit us again to repeat that we are your friends not your enemies; and be not impoſed upon by thoſe who may endeavour to create animoſities. The taking the fort and military ſtores at Ticonderoga and Crown-Point, and the armed veſſels on the lake, was dictated by the great law of ſelf preſervation; they were intended to annoy us, and to cut off that friendly intercourſe and communication which has hitherto ſubſiſted between you and us: we hope it has given you no uneaſineſs, and you may rely on our aſſurances, that theſe colonies will purſue no meaſures whatever, but ſuch as friendſhip and a regard for our mutual ſafety and intereſt may ſuggeſt.

As our concern for your welfare entitles us to your friendſhip, we preſume you will not by doing us injury, reduce us to the diſagreeable neceſſity of treating you as enemies,

We yet entertain hopes of your uniting with us in the defence of our common liberty, and there is yet reaſon to believe, that ſhould we join in imploring the attention of our ſovereign to the unmerited and unparalleled oppreſſions of his American ſubjects, he will at length be undeceived, and forbid a licentious miniſtry any longer to riot in the ruins of the rights of mankind,

A true copy from the minutes,

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

ANNAPOLIS *June* 29.

THE delegates for this province, have appointed a meeting of the provincial convention, on Wedneſday the 26th day of July next, at the city of Annapolis.—At which time and place the deputies for the ſeveral counties are requeſted to attend.

Calvert county, Feb. 27, 1775.

THE hon. col. William Fitzhugh, Eſq; having received two packages of goods, containing coach-harneſs, curry combs, bruſhes, &c. which were imported after the firſt day of December laſt; he informed a member of the committee thereof, deſiring that they might be taken into cuſtody, and ſold agreeable to the 10th article of the continental aſſociation: which goods (after having been advertiſed) were this day expoſed to public ſale, in preſence of a committee, and ſold for

3 13	0
3 10	0 Prime coſt,
£0 3	0 In the hands of the committee for the poor of Boſton.

TO THE PRINTER.

For a further ſatisfaction to the public, pleaſe to inſert the incloſed depoſition in your gazette. J. HOOD, jun.

ON the 19th day of June, 1775, came Richard Barnes before me, the ſubſcriber, one of the lord proprietary's juſtices of the peace for Baltimore county, and being ſworn on the holy Evangeliſt of Almighty God, depoſeth and ſaith, that he this deponent was preſent at a converſation that happened between Mr. John Hood, jun. and Mr. Thomas Hobbs, at Poplar Spring chapel, on Sunday the 21ſt ult. and declares, that Mr. John Hood, jun. did not then tell Mr. Thomas Hobbs, that "the ſenſe of the convention was, that the people of this province ſhould not muſter."

Sworn before

REZIN HAMMOND.

Mr. GREEN, *Bladenſburgh, June* 26, 1775.

I FIND, through the channel of your paper, Mr. Walter Bowie, of Prince George's county, has endeavoured to wound my reputation, in that of publiſhing a letter I wrote laſt ſummer to Mr. Edward Parkinſon, giving many words contained therein an emphaſis by italics (not in the letter I wrote) merely with a view to ſow a prejudice in the mind of the reader; and, as the whole proceeding is manifeſtly calculated to injure the houſe of Gale, Fearon, and Co. merchants in London, I ſhall, as briefly as poſſible, give a true ſtate of the matter, leaving the candid public to judge of the honeſty and uprightneſs of my conduct.

In the courſe of laſt ſummer, I received a liſt of the ſales for our Patuxent ſhip's load, and finding the gentlemen who ſhipped were diſſatisfied at not receiving their account ſales, I ordered Mr. Parkinſon (our agent) to addreſs thoſe in the neighbourhood of Marlborough, to inform them what, by the ſaid liſt, their tobacco cleared. Among the reſt, he wrote Mr. Burgeſs the amount of his hogſhead was £. 5 2 6: this, ſome time after, he found he was miſtaken in, and the account ſales arriving, he became uneaſy, and wrote to me upon the ſubject. In anſwer he received the letter above referred to, which ſhews, notwithſtanding the error, I did not chuſe to have the ſale altered; yet, as *he* had wrote to Mr. Burgeſs the ſum was £. 5 2 6, I left the matter diſcretionary in him, which, on reconſidering, he determined to hazard the diſpleaſure of our correſpondent, rather than alter the account, and accordingly delivered it as it came from England: as for my part I never ſaw the account.

Mrs. Wells, by the liſt quoted above had £. 9 15 0 for a hogſhead of tobacco, which, hearing ſhe was impatient to know, I adviſed her of by letter. When the account ſales came in, my partners wrote they were ſorry to acquaint me the clerk, in entering the amount of Mrs. Wells's hogſhead on the liſt, had made a miſtake (as per the account ſale) being only £. 8 19 0. This circumſtance, from being a ſtranger to Mrs. Wells, I communicated to our factor at Queen-Anne, and, upon taking thereon, I concluded it better to loſe the trifling difference, than make her ſuppoſe ſhe had been impoſed upon; and for that reaſon and *none other*, I truly declare, I thought it expedient not to deliver the account ſale.

Such are the mighty affairs with which I am charged, and dragged before the public for, with a degree of malice (I believe) unheard of; and the manner in which the information was obtaind (I hope I may add) is unexampled; which, for the ſatisfaction of the public, and that the parties may appear in their true colours, I now offer.

A certain Mr. John Smith Brookes, of Upper-Marlborough, merchant, in February laſt, bought the remains of Meſſrs. Chriſt. Court and Co.'s Queen-Anne's ſtore, and alſo J. Digges, Eſquire's ſtore-houſe, in the ſaid town of Upper-Marlborough, which laſt December was given up by Mr. Edward Parkinſon, who then embarked for England, and left ſundry papers *locked* up in the money drawer, the key thereof he gave to me at Annapolis. Soon after Mr. Brookes took poſſeſſion of the houſe he told a gentleman in Marlborough, that he was ſurpriſed to find Mr. Parkinſon had been ſo careleſs, having picked up, from *off the floor*, a very extraordinary letter, which letter he ſhewed to Mr. Walter Bowie, and gave to him, upon having the pledge of his honour he would return, and not communicate the contents of it to any body; however it was too great a temptation for his virtue to withſtand, as appears by your paper—ſoon after I heard of the matter, I wrote to Mr. Brookes, expreſſing a doubt of his coming by the letter in ſo honourable a manner.—A few days after I wrote the letter I was at Marlborough, and he, knowing I was in town, ſent his ſervant to requeſt I would walk over to his ſtore.---On my waiting upon him, he introduced the ſubject by expreſſing the concern it gave him, that his friend and relation ſhould have ſo deceived him; and then proceeded to tell me how he *really* came by the letter:---"That, being in the ſtore-houſe, a negro wench, then cleaning it out, told him the money drawer had been broke open: on this he went to the drawer, and found, by the ſtate of the bolt, it appeared to be the caſe---Seeing ſome papers therein, he confeſſed he had the curioſity to examine them, and that the above fatal letter was the third paper he took out; that he returned all but the ſaid letter, and then went over to Mr. Jacob Duckett, to deſire he would take poſſeſſion of my papers."---So that we find, by his own confeſſion, the firſt ſtory was not true---What reſpect is to be paid to the latter, as to the ſtate of the bolt, &c. I alſo chearfully ſubmit to the candid public, with making a few remarks, which I hope will not be thought impertinent.

It will, I think, naturally ſuggeſt itſelf to every reader, and the queſtion will be aſked---Why ſhould Mr. Bowie ſtand forth on this laudable occaſion, to endeavour to blaſt the reputation of a houſe that never injured him? On the contrary, I may truly ſay it has behaved in a very genteel manner to him.---But I beg pardon---that a counts for it, which I did not advert to at the firſt glance.---Well, admitted.---But why ſhould Mr. Brookes, connected with a quite different intereſt, take ſuch extraordinary pains to accompliſh ſo *great* and *good* a work?---In anſwer (though a conduct on his part highly repugnant to every ſentiment of delicacy and honour) I cannot conceive any other motive for it than the eſtabliſhment of the different intereſt, which, I believe, where the affair is known, will be generally concluded to be the true motive: to effectuate it, more than one concerned for that houſe have laboured in a manner that reflects diſhonour upon the very name of London merchant.---As a proof of their ardor in the preſent inſtance, your paper, containing the extract of my letter, was brought wet from the preſs by one of the riding captains, and an agent, with amazing expedition, to Queen-Anne---from thence to Upper-Marlborough---thence to Mr. Hill's---thence to Pig-Point---thence to Calvert county, &c. &c. ---with, at every ſtage---"Have you ſeen it? Have you ſeen it?"---Such methods, no doubt, will produce a ſhare of the commiſſion buſineſs that muſt dazzle the eyes of all beholders---or rather, create in every *generous* breaſt the *higheſt deteſtation*.---Mr. M. was the game hunted laſt ſummer---G. F. and Co. have the honour to be it *this*.---Brother conſignment folks, ſhould they not quite demoliſh us in their noble purſuit, I would adviſe you to be prepared for an attack of the ſame nature.

I truly declare I ſhould be ſorry to let the ſmalleſt inſinuation fall from me unmerited.---In this aſſurance, I make my appeal to the gentlemen in the neighbourhoods of Queen-Anne and Marlborough---they being well acquainted with the baſe and ungentlemanly proſecution I have met with; and I may add, as a proof of it, and their deteſtation thereof, it has advanced the intereſt of Gale, Fearon, and Co. which I will venture to aſſert will ever be the conſequence with men of principle and honour.

DAN. STEPHENSON.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.

ENTERED.

Schooner Nancy, Jonathan Thacher, New-Providence.
Ship Charles, Charles Keily, Liverpool.
Ship Elizabeth, Thomas Spencer, Briſtol.
Schooner Peggy, Elijah Luce, Antigua.
Ship Kitty, Joſeph Mallett, Hamburg.
Schooner Swallow, John Lovett, St. Euſtatia.
Schooner Little Heſter, Daniel Willmot, N. Carolina.
Brig Phila, Richard Curtis, Waterford.
Ship Clibborn, William Thomas, Hamburg.
Sloop Polly, Phil. Patterſon, Bermuda.
Schooner Elizabeth, Nath. Cook, Salem.
Ship John, Charles Poaug, Belfaſt.
Ship Thornton, Finley Gray, London.

CLEARED.

Schooner Mulberry, Alex. Caldclugh, Virginia.
Ship Union, Andrew Bryſon, London.
Sloop Swan, William Brown, Falmouth.
Brig Friendſhip, Th. Newell, Liverpool.
Ship Catharine, James M'Neill, Cork.
Brig John, John Mauger, Liverpool.
Schooner Liberty, Robert Callender, Virginia.

Anne-Arundel county, to wit. BY virtue of an order from the juſtices of ſaid county, I hereby give notice to the ſeveral jurors ſummoned to appear at March court, that they attend on the 20th day of July next. 3 w JOHN BRICE, Clk.

IT has lately been diſcovered, that ſome evil minded perſon or perſons, have deſtroyed the ſecond boundary of a tract of land belonging to me, called Poplar-Ridge, lying on the Bodkin creek, in Anne-Arundel county. I do hereby promiſe to pay 5 pounds common current money, to any perſon or perſons, that will diſcover the author of ſuch a piece of villainy, upon their being convicted of the ſame. Witneſs my hand, this 27th day of June, 1775. 3 w NICH. MACCUBBIN.

WHEREAS William Hams, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, did by his laſt will and teſtament, conſtitute and appoint me his executor; being willing to cloſe the eſtate, and pay his juſt debts as far as effects as ſoon as poſſible, theſe are therefore to give notice, that I ſhall ſet up to the higheſt bidder, the late dwelling-plantation of ſaid Hams, on Monday the 10th day of July next, at 12 o'clock. For terms and title, apply to w 3

WILLIAM HAMS, ſon of John, executor.

Calvert county, June 22, 1775.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, a negro man, by the name of Ben, but now ſays his name is Wallis, and that he belongs to Edward Worrell, who lives in Cheſter-town, he is certainly the fellow advertiſed by the aforeſaid Worrell; his dreſs is a red jacket, white ſhirt, check trowſers, a pair of ſhoes, and an old caſtor hat, he anſwers the deſcription of ſaid Worrell in every reſpect but his cloaths. His maſter is deſired to take him away, and pay charges.

CLEMENT SMITH, Sheriff.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from the ſubſcriber, living near Maggothy mill, in Anne-Arundel county, a roan mare, about 4 years old, near 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock D R. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and brings her home, ſhall be paid three pounds as a reward for their trouble, by

DAVID ROBINSON.

ANY perſon inclinable to gather a quantity of the Senaga, or Rattle Snake root, from 100 lb. to 200 lb. Likewiſe Callamus root this ſummer, may have it diſpoſed of by applying to John Robinſon, at his excellency's governor Eden's.

N.B. Otters, Wild cats, Minks, or other ſhipable furs, if taken in ſeaſon, may be diſpoſed of at the ſame place. 3 tf

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Nottingham, April 1, 1775.

OUR partnerſhip is now at an end; all perſons that have had any dealings with us, are deſired to ſettle and diſcharge their balances, but little regard was paid to our laſt advertiſement.---Conſtant attendance will be given at this place to ſettle and receive our debts, and thoſe that do not comply by the 10th of July next, legal meaſures will be taken to enforce payments without reſpect to perſons.

We have between £700 and £800 coſt of goods which we would ſell very cheap, and give two years time of payment. 12 w

THO. CONTEE,
FIELDER BOWIE.

Annapolis, April 20, 1775.

THE ſubſcriber has upon hand about ſeven hundred pounds firſt coſt of goods, which he will diſpoſe of upon exceeding low terms. tf

ROBERT BUCHANAN.

Baltimore county, Patapsco Neck, April 3, 1775.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

For apprehending a Runaway.

JAMES, a mulatto slave, sometimes known by the name of Vulcan, but commonly answers to the name of Buck, took an abrupt leave of his overseer last Wednesday, and has not yet returned; he is a dark mulatto, about 5 feet 9 inches high, strong made, sensible, artful, and deceptive in conversation, firm and daring in his efforts to perpetrate villainy, of mild temper, and plausible in speech: he has frequently travelled through a considerable part of this and some part of the province of Pennsylvania; is well known, it is supposed, in the borough and county of Lancaster, and is acquainted with Philadelphia; may probably therefore re-visit those places. His working cloaths were a home manufactured long cloth waistcoat with sleeves, and breeches, yarn stockings, osnabrig shirt, and good shoes, nailed with hobs: he is supposed of and has taken with him a blue German serge coat, a green broad cloth vest, two pair of cotton and one pair of thread stockings, two white shirts ruffled at the breast, a good castor hat with band and buckle, a pair of good pumps, with a pair of double hammad silver buckles. He has a mark of distinction, which from modesty, or some other motive, he is careful to conceal; one of his ears (but which is forget) is remarkably less than the other. The above reward will be paid if he should be taken up out of the province, or 60 miles from Baltimore town in the province, and brought home; five pounds, if at the distance of 40 miles, three pounds if 30, and forty shillings if 20 miles, with reasonable travelling expences, excluding the legal charge under the act of assembly,

by tf THOMAS JONES.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from Fort Frederick furnace, in Frederick county, Maryland, the three following English convict servant men, viz John Taylor, ran away on the 2d day of April last, born in Worcestershire, 22 or 23 years of age, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, by trade a blacksmith, a stout well set fellow, full faced, good complexion, light grey eyes, light short hair cut short before, a very impudent fellow, had on and took with him a brown cotton jacket, an Irish linen shirt, one osnabrig ditto, one old black silk handkerchief, one pair of old buckskin breeches patched between the thighs, one pair of German town hose, an old felt hat, one pair of country made shoes, one pair of old pumps, and a pair of pinchbeck buckles, and perhaps he may have more cloaths with him: he had on an iron collar, but may conceal it, or has got it off.

Robert Bees, and Thomas Greenwood, runaway the 4th day of May last, both born in Gloucestershire, and speak that dialect; Robert Bees is 23 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, fair complexion, blue eyes, brown hair, by trade a miner: had on and took with him a good felt hat, osnabrig shirt and trousers, Welch cotton jacket dyed brown, a pair of very broad check trousers, a good pair of shoes, with white metal buckles.

Thomas Greenwood, is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, swarthy complexion, blue eyes, brown hair, he is a farmer and waggoner: had on an indifferent felt hat, osnabrig shirt and crocus trousers, a Welch cotton jacket, good pair of shoes, with yellow metal carved buckles. Whoever takes up the said servants and secures them, so as the subscriber may get them again, if 20 miles from home, forty shillings for each; if 40 miles, four pounds; and if 60 miles, the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by 3 THOMAS JACQUES.

RAN away yesterday from the Patuxent iron-works, a convict servant man, named Richard Suffolk, a tall spare made fellow, about 6 feet high, has a meagre countenance and a sickly look, and is about 25 years of age: he went off in his common working dress. Whoever takes up said servant and secures him, so that he may be had again, shall receive if taken 10 miles from home, 20 shillings, if 20 miles, 30 shillings, and if 40 miles, or out of the province, 3 pounds, and if brought home reasonable charges paid,

by tf 11 SAMUEL and JOHN SNOWDEN.

To be le

THE dwelling-house &c. where I now reside.

tf 5 JAMES TILGHMAN, Annapolis.

Annapolis, February 1, 1775.

WANTED by the commissioners or trustees, for the poor of Anne-Arundel county, 450 posts of cedar or locust to square seven inches, and 9½ feet long; 2000 rails of white oak or yellow poplar, 3 by 4 inches, and to be 10 feet long. Whoever will supply the above articles, are desired to apply to Mr Nathan Hammond, one of the trustees. 18 tf

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

WENT off the 23d instant, from the subscriber's plantation, on Patapsco Neck, an English servant man, named Francis Barrett, 6 feet 1 inch high, round visage, fair complexion, light brown or sandy hair, which curls, hazel eyes, has a scar on his nose, and a mole on the right side of his chin, is slim made, and a little knock-knee'd, a carpenter and sawyer by trade, though no workman at either, he has been a soldier: had on and took with him a new check shirt, one white ditto and stock, one pair of brown ribb'd and a pair of white thread stockings, one pair of light blue worsted ditto, a pair of black grain shoes almost new, one pair of osnabrig trousers, with a hole on one knee, one white striped silk and cotton jacket, half worn, a pair of light brown thickset breeches, and a pair of copper knee buckles, two match coat blankets; he had also an iron collar on. It is suspected he has since taken a boat, 20 or 22 feet long, which has been lately trimmed, new bottomed, and nailed; the upper part is painted, her timber of Sassafras. Whoever takes up the said servant and boat, and secures them, so that I get them again, shall have the above reward; or three pounds for the servant, and 20 shillings for the boat, including what the law allows, paid by 4w 8 CHARLES RIDGELY.

FOR SALE,

NINE hundred and thirteen acres of land, lying on Seneca, in Frederick county; this land consists of several different tracts but are adjoining each other, and lays well, with great plenty of good timber, and the main stream of Seneca creek runs through great part of it. There is on this land a very good geared grist mill almost new, with bolting clothes that goes by water, the mill can grind eight bushels of wheat into good flour in an hour, and is on a never failing stream of water. There also is on this land two small dwelling-houses, a new framed tobacco-house covered with shingles, fifty-two feet long, and twenty-four wide. There is about 60 acres of good land cleared and under good fence, more than 20 acres of meadow land now sowed in Timothy grass and oats which may be watered at all seasons of the year from the mill-dam: this land is distant about 22 miles from George-town on Patowmack, and about 18 from Frederick town. There is a crop pitched for three hands, which the purchaser may have with the land, and possession given him immediately. For title and terms, apply to tf EDMUND JENNINGS.

N. B. I will take young slaves for part of the purchase money. 2

Annapolis, June 6, 1775.

THE subscriber acknowledges the favour conferred on him, by those gentlemen who kindly subscribed their names as eventual purchasers of the *Deputy Commissary's Guide*; but as he is informed that the greatest part of the supernumerary copies, purposely printed for them, are still on hand, undisposed of; he begs leave to observe, that unless they are pleased to perform the second part also, that of taking up and *paying* for their books at the places where they were subscribed for, he can derive no benefit whatever from their good intention in signing the paper.

The expences of that publication, in general, as yet, greatly exceed the remittances; and unless those books be speedily applied for, the subscriber must sink money for having furnished the public with a performance wholly calculated for their service, and as such, generally approved of.

Those gentlemen who have money lodged in their hands on that account, will much oblige the subscriber to favour him with a sight of it, as soon as convenient.

3 w 3 X ELIE VALLETTE.

Annapolis, May 3, 1775.

THE judges of the Land-office having informed his excellency the governor, that there are many old certificates lying in their office unpatented; his excellency therefore thought fit to direct them to give public notice to those concerned, that unless they come and sue out their grants within four months from the date hereof, the first applier after that time shall have the pre-emption. tf

2 Signed per order, DAVID STEUART, clk.

To be rented for any term of years, not exceeding fourteen, and entered upon next November,

THE houses and ferry opposite to Alexandria, either with or without an adjoining improved plantation; the land whereof is, in general good, with a large quantity of valuable meadow ground. This being a place much frequented, and likely to become daily more so with the rising importance of Alexandria, renders it peculiarly fit either for a tavern, or a place of trade, or both. The buildings now upon it, excepting one new house intended for a kitchen, are but indifferent; it is, therefore, proposed, that the tenant shall erect such as he may judge necessary, for which a proper abatement will be made in the rent. For terms, apply to the Rev. Mr. Jonathan Boucher, or Mr. John Addison near the premises. tf

4

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. Reverdy Ghiselin, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are earnestly requested to make as speedy payment as possible, that the subscriber may be enabled to discharge the debts due from said estate, an account of which is desired from those to whom they are due,

by MARY GHISELIN, executrix.

N. B. I have a convenient back building to let, with or without a piece of ground for a garden. 5 w

Hunting-town, June 14, 1775.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, on bond, note, or open account, are requested to make immediate payment, in cash, or tobacco, as no further indulgences will be given. ALEXANDER OGG.

N. B. The subscriber as usual, keeps good entertainment for man and horse, at Prince Frederick court-house 2 4 w A. O.

Baltimore, June 17, 1775.

To be chartered to any part of Europe,

THE ship Fanny, burthen about 460 hhds. of tobacco, or 14 thousand bushels of grain; also the brig Hector, burthen about 300 hhds, or 8 thousand bushels of grain. For particulars, apply to

8 w 2 ASHBURNER and PLACE.

Talbot county, June 13, 1775.

To be rented, and may be entered upon immediately,

THE dwelling-house, kitchen, storehouse, milk-house, smoak-house and stable, together with a large garden well paled in, and about half an acre of ground adjoining thereto, situated in Kingstown, on Choptank river, where there has been a public wharf, warehouse, and a store kept for upwards of 40 years last past. Any person inclinable to rent the same, may view the premises, and know the terms, by applying to Mr. Samuel Thomas, or the subscriber. At same place I have on hand about three hundred pounds cost of goods, which I will lump off exceeding low for cash, bills of exchange, or tobacco. w 6

2 EDWARD PARKINSON.

To be sold by the subscriber, living near Annapolis,

A TRACT of land lying in Prince George's county, on Cat-tail Branch, called Wallingford's Purchase, containing one hundred and forty-two acres of good kind land, about three or four miles below Bladensburgh. Any person who wants to purchase, may be satisfied by applying to w 5

2 JAMES WALLINGFORD.

MISSISSIPPI.

WE have authority to communicate to the public from his excellency Montfort Brown, Esq; governor and commander in chief of his majesty's Bahama islands, That his excellency being possessed of several very extensive and valuable tracts of land, (as well by grants from the crown as by purchase) situated on the banks of the rivers Mississippi and Mobile in West-Florida, to the amount of 250,000 acres and upwards; (exclusive of Dauphin island, whose situation for trade is so well known) is desirous of encouraging all substantial planters or others, who wish to become settlers in those parts. The fertility of soil, salubrity of climate, and most delightful situation of those tracts, are so well known, that they need no fuller description, than that printed by his excellency, for his majesty, who has thought fit to order the intended capital on account of its rising consequence, and most convenient situation, to be removed from Fort Bute, to *Browne's Cliffs*, nearly opposite to that most beautiful and populous town called Point Coupée, belonging to the Spaniards.

For further particulars, his excellency refers the public to the printed reasons, left with the printer hereof, in order that those who are inclined to remove to that flourishing province, may be well informed, and may, by application to his excellency at New-Providence, be well assured of meeting with every encouragement they can wish for or desire. 4 t w.

N. B. The greatest part of the above lands are fit for immediate culture, having no more wood on them than what will be absolutely necessary for tenantable uses, and are watered by navigable rivers, pleasing rivulets, and innumerable springs.

By virtue of a deed of trust from William Butler of Baltimore county, will be exposed to sale by way of public vendue, on Monday the 10th of July next, at the house of Mrs. Sarah Chilton, in Baltimore town,

A TRACT of land called Hope, patented for 200 acres, situated about 6 miles from Baltimore town, and the great waggon road to the back country runs one mile through the land. There are two settlements on it, on one of which William Butler now lives, and Mrs. Mary Butler is in possession of the other. On the first part there is a good framed dwelling-house, kitchen, stables, shed, and orchard, and has been a well frequented tavern for several years past. There is also a good hewed log dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, and orchard, on the part where Mrs. Butler lives. About 20 acres of meadow ground is already in order for the scythe, and thirty acres more may be made. It will be sold together, or in lots of 50 acres each, as may best suit the purchasers. The title is indisputable, and the terms may be known, by applying to BOBERT CHRISTIE, jun. sheriff.

N. B. All persons who have brought suits against the said William Butler, and for which he was committed to my custody, are desired to bring in their accounts proved, that they may be settled. 4 ts

THERE is at the plantation of Timothy O'Bryan, taken up as a stray, a middle sized bay horse, no brand nor ear mark, appears to be 7 or 8 years old. The owner may have him again, on proving property, and paying charges. 3 Kent county.

Daniel Matzler, and Elizabeth his wife, and Elizabeth M'Manus—Against—Thomas Williams, and Elizabeth his wife; which said Elizabeth is devisee of Christopher Wilkinson, late of Queen-Anne's county, deceased,

IN CHANCERY.

WHEREAS the said Daniel Matzler, and Elizabeth his wife, and Elizabeth M'Manus, have filed their bill in this court against the said devisee and administrators of the said Christopher Wilkinson, to compel them to reconvey and assign certain lands therein mentioned, to the complainants which were heretofore mortgaged by them to the said Christopher Wilkinson, they the said complainants paying the principal and interest due on the said mortgage. This is therefore to give notice, that unless the said Thomas Williams, and Elizabeth his wife, do and shall appear to the said bill within six months from the date hereof, and shew cause to the contrary, a final order and decree will pass, and be given by the said court of chancery in the cause aforesaid. 6 m

5 Signed per order,

GEO. RANKEN, register.

Annapolis, May 9, 1775.

To be sold at public vendue, on Monday the 3d day of July, on the premises,

THE dwelling-house of the late Mr. William Buckland, together with the improvements as they now stand, situated on Bloomsbury square, in this city.—There are two lots belonging to the said house, on lease for ninety-nine years, two years of which are expired.—The title and terms will be made known on the day of sale. tf

6 X DENTON JACQUES.

N. B. At the same time and place will be sold the remaining part of the deceased's houshold furniture, &c.

To be sold to the highest bidder, at Mr. Ninian Beall's of Ninian, on the 20th day of August next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

TWELVE hundred acres of land, lying on great Seneca creek, (near the mouth) in Frederick county, Maryland; whereon is three plantations, a great quantity of valuable meadow land, and two exceeding good mill seats, the purchaser or purchasers to have immediate possession, on giving bond with approved security, payable the 20th day of November 1776: to carry interest from the date of the bond, if not punctually discharged at or on the aforesaid 20th day of November. The land will be laid out in lots suitable to the purchaser. Any person inclinable to view the land before the day of sale, may apply to Ninian Beall, son of Ninian. w 16

12 CHARLES BEALL.

TO BE SOLD,

A PAIR of very fine chariot geldings, full 15 hands high. Enquire at Mr. Browne's, at Annapolis. 3 tf

FOR SALE,

THE following tracts of land, lying in Worceſter county, in the province of Maryland, viz. Batchellor's Adventure, containing 338 acres; lying on a branch, known by the name of Johnſon's Mill Branch-Addition, containing 210 acres, lying on Pocomoke river; they will be ſold for ſterling or current money. The title indiſputable. For terms apply to

WILLIAM T. WOOTTON.

N. B. Time will be given for payment of the greateſt part of the purchaſe money if required. 15

Baltimore, April 3, 1775.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK houſe, ſituated on Market ſtreet, in Baltimore town, has been built two years, is forty-two feet front, and forty-four deep, has four rooms on each floor, and is well adapted for a merchant, having a good ſtore and counting-houſe; the lot is two hundred and twenty-ſix feet deep, extending from Market-ſtreet, to German-lane.

Alſo a tract of land ſituated on the north branch of Shannadoah river, in Auguſta county, Virginia, containing 210 acres, called the Great Plain, remarkable for the fertility of the ſoil; there is on the ſaid tract, a merchant mill, ſaw-mill, and oil-mill, all in good repair, and in the dryeſt ſeaſon, plentifully ſupplied with water from a never failing ſpring, the ſource of which is not more than a quarter of a mile from the mills.

Alſo one other tract near the former, containing 270 acres of good timbered land.

Alſo one other tract adjoining the firſt mentioned tract, containing 570 acres. Extraordinary good land, proper for hemp, grain, or graſs.

Alſo one other tract adjoining the ſecond mentioned tract, containing 233 acres.

For further particulars concerning the lands, apply to Alexander White, Eſq; in Winchester, who will give directions how the lands and mills may be viewed, and is impowered to diſpoſe of the ſame.

We intending to decline the dry goods trade, have upon hand about three thouſand pounds ſterling coſt of goods, which we would diſpoſe of on very moderate terms.

ASHBURNER and PLACE.

Juſt opened, and to be ſold by the ſubſcribers, at their ſtore, on the head of the dock.

A NEAT aſſortment of ſtamped cottons and calicoes—a few pieces of neat bed-furniture—a good aſſortment of three quarter and yard wide Iriſh linens, from 1s to 4s. coſt; -yard and half quarter Iriſh and Ruſſia sheetings—German dowlas—a few pieces of oſnabrig, and Welch cottons—a large aſſortment of mens neateſt made ſhoes—ſeine twine.

They have alſo for ſale, a large aſſortment of clothes, Engliſh double and ſingle refined loaf ſugar---Cheſhire and double Gloſter cheeſe---a few groce of porter, and port wine—a few quarter caſks of old Madeira and Liſbon wine—old ſpirits, and rum by the hogſhead, quarter caſk, or gallon---molaſſes---Muſcovado ſugar---coffee---chocolate, &c. &c.

THOMAS C. WILLIAMS, and Co.

N. B. Have likewiſe for ſale, excellent country made beer, in quarter caſks; made by Mr. Iſaac Perkins, in Kent county. It is much ſuperior to any ever made in this province, it being entirely clear of the common ſmoaky taſte. 8

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

BROKE Somerſet county jail on Friday night, or early on Saturday morning the 13th inſtant, a negro fellow, who was committed for felony by the name of Harry, and ſays he belongs to William Perry of Talbot county, aged 35 years or there abouts; he is a luſty well ſet fellow, 6 feet high, or there abouts; may not being acquainted with his cloaths, ſhall not undertake to deſcribe them. Whoever takes up and ſecures the aforeſaid negro fellow in any of his majeſty's jails, ſhall receive the above reward if taken in this county, if out of the county three pounds, and is brought home, all reaſonable charges paid, by

J. DASHIELL, ſheriff. 4

STERLING,

THE property of Harry Dorſey Gough, ſtands at Perry Hall, Baltimore county, where he will cover at two guineas the ſeaſon, he is only to go to thirty mares; therefore thoſe that ſend will ſtand a better chance of a colt than in the common way; this horſe never was backed, and it is intended never ſhall, but kept on purpoſe for covering, he is five years old this ſpring, handſome, and upwards of fifteen hands high, and well made in proportion: was got by Col. Sharp's noted Othello, and out of a remarkable fine Engliſh dray mare, therefore he is what they call in England the coach horſe; from this ſtrain out of light mares, they breed thoſe noble horſes called hunters, which is preferred to any in Great-Britain, for either ſtrength, carriage, or ſaddle. 11 8 2 m

George-town, on Potowmack, December 27, 1774.

THE manufactory of ſnuff of various ſorts is now carried on by me at this place, where I can furniſh it either in wholeſale or retail at reaſonable rates. I have alſo manufactured tobacco for ſale, viz. ſhag and ſaffron, and ſhall ſhortly begin and continue to manufacture it in all the different forms, if I receive proper encouragement.

Orders from perſons at a diſtance will be duly attended to, either by myſelf, or Mr. Joſeph Birch; and I will give ready money, or ſnuff for empty ſnuff bottles delivered here. 3 m

RICHARD THOMPSON.

N. B. I will now ſay, and with ſome degree of confidence, that at preſent I have by me, (and ſhall continue to make) as good ſnuff as is manufactured on this continent. 16

THE ſubſcriber having undertaken to receive the lord proprietary's quit-rents in Anne-Arundel county, ariſing due from Michaelmas laſt, requeſts all perſons indebted on that account, to come and pay half years rent due the 25th ult. Attendance will be conſtantly given at Meſſrs Dick and Stewart's ſtore, in Annapolis. 5 tf CHARLES STEUART.

BADGER,

WILL cover mares this ſeaſon, at Mr. Anthony Stewart's plantation, at the Rope-walk, near Annapolis, at five pound currency each mare, and a dollar to the groom. Badger is a fine dapple gray, 15 hands one inch high, very boney and handſome, imported in 1773; bred by Mr. Wildman, and got by Lord Cuitworth's Boſphorus, who won ſeven king's plates; his dam by Othello, commonly called Black and all Black, which beat Lord March's Bajezet over Kildaire courſe in Ireland, his grand dam by the Duke of Devonſhire's Flying Childers.

Badger won fifty pounds at Gilford; and got lam'd at Epſom; all the times he has ſtarted. The money for each mare to be paid at the time of covering. tf

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Good graſs for mares at two ſhillings and ſixpence per week. No mares loſt out of the paſture will be accounted for. 13

April 10, 1775.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, the 8th of this inſtant, two Iriſh indented ſervants, each of which has about three years to ſerve, viz.

FRANCIS MANIS, about thirty years of age, a very ſtout well made fellow, about five feet ten inches high, very full faced, ſhort dark hair; had on and took with him, a good brown bread cloth coat, and black velvet jacket and breeches, and a pair of black everlaſting breeches, with yellow metal buttons, an old blue coat with new large ſleeves, ſhirts, ſhoes and ſtockings; his calling a ditcher or brickmaker.

JOHN DELANY, about 26 years of age, five feet eight inches high, well made, fair ſkin, ruddy complection, ſhort brown hair; had on and took with him, a green jacket made ſailor faſhion, a purple under jacket, a white ſhirt, one or two check ſhirts, much worn, a new felt hat, a black ſilk handkerchief round his neck, a pair of white kerſey breeches, and a pair of blue ſerge breeches, one pair of Scotch Kilmarnock, and one pair of Kendall ribbed hoſe mixed black and white, a pair of half worn ſhoes, and ſquare ſteel buckles, he writes a good hand; and they have both been in different parts of Penſylvania. Whoever takes up the aforeſaid ſervants, and ſecures them ſo that the ſubſcriber may have them again, ſhall receive ten pounds reward, if taken out of the province, if in the province, ſix pounds, or half the above reward for either, by

RICHARD GRAVES. 6

Port-Tobacco, March 7, 1775.

THE committee of Charles county have impowered me to engage a veſſel of 2000 to 2500 buſhels burthen, to load with grain on Patowmack river, for the uſe of the poor inhabitants of the town of Boſton, where it is to be delivered. Any perſon that has ſuch a veſſel to charter, and will let me know their terms if they be agreeable, ſhall have the above freight.

R. T. MOOE. 11

Annapolis, March 14, 1775.

ALL perſons indebted to Thomas Harwood jun. and to Thomas Harwood, jun. and John Brice, are requeſted to make immediate payment, or otherwiſe ſettle to their ſatisfaction, no longer indulgence will be given; as this is a reaſonable requeſt, and long indulgences have already been given, hope it will be ſpeedily complied with, ſhould it be neglected, ſuch ſteps muſt be taken to produce payment as will be very diſagreeable. Benjamin Harwood, jun. will conſtantly attend as uſual, at the brick building on the front of the dock, for the purpoſe of receiving payments, or otherwiſe ſettling, where it is not immediately convenient to pay. 11

Prince George's county, May 24, 1775.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber, either by bond, note, or open account, to immediately come and ſettle their reſpective debts, as I am determined to give no longer indulgences.—I hope this requiſition will be adverted to, otherwiſe I ſhall take compulſory methods to enforce payment, without any reſpect to perſons.

JOSEPH DUVLAL. 3

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living near Bellair, on Patuxent, in Prince George's county, Maryland, a mulatto fellow called Tom, a ſhoemaker by trade: he is about one and twenty years old, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, ſtoops naturally, he is fair, but has a remarkable beard when he lets it grow: he has the look of a rogue when ſharply ſpoken to, and diſcovers a great deal of aſſurance and impudence in his converſation. As he has always lived in the neighbourhood of Queen-Anne's, the Governor's Bridge, and Bellair, and been acquainted with the prieſts of this province, his converſation may eaſily diſcover him: It is likely he may call himſelf free, and have a forged paſs under another name, or he may probably be concealed and kept at his trade in Annapolis, or in the neighbourhood of Bellair, on Patuxent, where he lived, by ſome white people, who make too familiar with my ſlaves to my great prejudice, and whom I hereby forewarn from having any dealings with them, either in the ſhoemaking buſineſs, or in any other way, without my expreſs conſent. Whoever ſecures the above fellow in jail, or brings him home to me, will be entitled to the above reward, from 6 w

JOHN ASHTON. 2

To be ſold by SHAW and CHISHOLM, cabinet and chair-makers, in Church-ſtreet, Annapolis,

A QUANTITY of mahogany, in logs, plank, and boards, and a variety of looking-glaſſes in Mahogany frames. They likewiſe do various kinds of turner's work. 9

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Frederick county, on the 15th of April laſt, an Iriſh ſervant named Peter Kelly, but has changed his name to Peirce Burn, and has a paſs for that purpoſe; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has dark brown hair, and of a dark complexion, and down look, his apparel is a light coloured country cloth coat, a Holland ſhirt, a oſnabrigs ditto, blue yarn ſtockings with ſhoes and buckles, a felt hat bound with black worſted binding, ſtriped linen trouſers; alſo went with him a luſty negro woman named Rhoad, now goes by the name of Nancy Bannaker, her apparel a white humhums gown, her other cloathing ſuch as is common for ſlaves. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and ſlave, and ſecures them, ſo that their maſter gets them again, ſhall if taken in this province, be intitled to 20 dollars reward, and if out, the ſum of ten pounds, including what the law allows, paid by

ABIDNIGO HYATT. w 4 2

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Chester-town, on the ſecond day of February, a negro man named Walle, but he has changed that to George ſince he went away, and may probably change again to ſome other name; he is about 24 or 25 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, and is remarkable for a thick tongue, and lips when he ſpeaks, he is pretty full faced, and very ſtrong made: he had on when he went away, a kerſey jacket, white kerſey breeches ſtriped black and white, negro ſhoes and ſtockings, oſnabrig ſhirt, and a caſtor hat bound with black binding; he was bought by Pollard Edmondſon, out of Hugh Hopewell's jail. Whoever apprehends the ſaid negro, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

EDWARD WORRELL. 2

Calvert county, January 30, 1775.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber the 10th inſtant, a negro fellow named Jeffery, of a yellow complexion, has an impediment in his ſpeech, aged about 20 years, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high: had on an oſnabrig ſhirt, green Welſh cotton jacket and breeches, coarſe Engliſh yarn ſtockings, country ſhoes ſhod with iron, he may change his dreſs having other cloaths. Whoever will bring the ſaid negro to the ſubſcriber near Hunting-town, in the aforelaid county, or ſecure him in any manner ſo that he can be had again, ſhall receive five pounds reward, and if taken 40 miles from home, twenty dollars, JOSEPH IRELAND.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are hereby warned at their peril not to carry the ſaid negro off. 14

Wiccomico creek, Somerſet county, April 13, 1775.

BROKE jail in the night of Tueſday, or early on Wedneſday morning the 12th inſtant, the three following men, committed for debt, viz. Iſaac Gee, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a pale complexion, ſhort dark coloured hair, and aged 27 years; has had a ſore on his left leg lately cured, the marks of which are evident to be ſeen, and has now a ſore-mouth, two of his fore teeth are very much decayed, is ſlim built, and ſtoops when he walks; pretends to ſeveral branches of buſineſs, ſuch as ſhoemaking, carpenters work, tending of ſaw mills, as alſo the farmer's buſineſs. As he is tolerable ingenious, and withal crafty, it is very probable he may have forged paſſes for himſelf and companions, and changed their names, as he writes a tolerable hand; lived about 18 months ago in Kent county, on Delaware, to which place it is probable he may be again gone: had on and carried with him, a pale blue mixed German ſerge coat, cut in the faſhion, black velvet jacket with black glaſs buttons, white Ruſſia drill breeches, grey country made worſted ſtockings, one pair of ſhoes juſt ſoaled with large plated buckles, a caſtor hat half worn, as alſo two check and one white linen ſhirts, one pair of brown thread ſtockings, two pair of oſnabrig trouſers, a light coloured Wilton jacket that has been turned, and a pair of old green ſagathy breeches, patched ſeveral places.

Levi Taylor, by trade a tailor, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a pale complexion, ſhort dark coloured hair, and aged about 29 years; has had both his legs ſore lately, ſtoops a little as he walks, (but not ſo much as Gee) is fond of liquor and taking ſnuff, and apt to get drunk when in his power; is a tolerable good workman at his buſineſs though but ſlow, and ſerved his time at Cambridge, in Dorcheſter county, to one Ready: had on and carried away with him, a coarſe light blue broad cloth coat, patched on the ſleeves with pieces of a lighter colour, a black and red ſpotted ſwanſkin double breaſted jacket with flat white metal buttons, brown German ſerge breeches, grey worſted ſtockings, and turned pumps pretty much worn, with old pinchbeck buckles, a fan-tail bound caſtor hat, one white linen ſhirt, a pair of old Ruſſia drill breeches, a pair of German ſerge breeches of a light colour, and a new ſagathy coat blue colour.

Levi Harriſon, by trade a ſhoemaker, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well ſet, of a freſh complexion, fair hair tied behind, is troubled with ſore eyes, and aged about 23 or 24 years; he formerly lived at Salisbury, on Wiccomico river, ſerved his time at or near Snow-hill, where his relations moſtly live, and is a remarkable good workman: had on and carried with him, a coarſe brown bread cloth coat, jacket of a light colour, blue cloth breeches, worſted ſtockings, a pair of ſhoes pretty much worn, pinchbeck buckles, and a Philadelphia made caſtor hat, all pretty much worn; as alſo ſundry more cloaths, and whether he carried his tools with him I know not, but is probable he did. Whoever ſecures the ſaid runaways, or either of them in any of his majeſty's jails, and contrives notice to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive three pounds if taken in the province, and if out ſix pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges allowed if brought home, paid by

J. DASHIELL, ſheriff. 5

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